

Empire Justice Center

Sponsored by: AIDS Institute, NYS Department of Health

Presented by: Empire Justice Center

© 2022 Empire Justice Center

1

Today's Agenda

- Key Terms
- Medicaid & Medicare Recap
- Overview of Medicaid Managed Care
- Special MMC plans
- Navigating the Pharmacy Benefit
 - Plan formularies
 - Plan restrictions
- Potential Issues
- Addressing Denials
- Changes Coming in 2023
- COVID-19 PHE
- Resources



2

Key Terms

- Formulary List of covered drugs
- Preferred v. Non-Preferred Drugs Non-preferred drugs are not included on the plan's formulary
- Carve-in process by which NYS brings more services and populations into the Medicaid managed care program
- Medicaid Managed Care program now mandatory for most Medicaid enrollees in NYS, clients cannot change plans during the first year (after initial 90 days)
- Managed Long-Term Care managed care for dually eligible adults (i.e., with Medicare and Medicaid) in need of 120 days or more of long-term care services
- *Medicare Part D* − prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries.
 - Dual Eligibles are expected to obtain drug coverage through Part D plans.
 - Medicaid still covers Part D excluded drugs for duals.

Key Terms (cont'd.)

- Utilization Controls limits to accessing coverage in both fee-for-service Medicaid and in MMC.
- **Prior Authorization** prescriber required to get approval from the plan before prescription will be paid, generally not needed for refills but required again once refills are exhausted
- Step Therapy requires client to have tried another (usually preferred) drug first for specified time period
- Quantity Limit limited quantity of drug per fill (usually 30 days)
- Co-payment amount paid directly by the consumer







Why focus on Medicaid?

- Medicaid remains the single most important source of coverage for nonelderly people with HIV
- Kaiser Family Foundation data from 2018 Medicaid is estimated to cover 40% of adults with HIV
- Compare to 15% for the general population
- 2020 KFF Issue Brief Insurance Coverage and Viral Suppression Among People with HIV
- 1.5 million additional Medicaid enrollees in NYS since the public health emergency began

5

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

5

Medicaid

- Joint Federal/State program
- Two basic types of coverage
 - MAGI (through marketplace)
 - Non-MAGI (through County DSS, lower income limit + resource test)
- Serves people of all ages
- Means-tested
- More comprehensive benefit package then Medicare or ADAP
- Minimal or no cost-sharing once you meet income/resource limit

6

First... Non-MAGI Medicaid

- Administered through the Local District Social Services or HRA
- Includes:
 - 65 or older
 - Blind or determined disabled (SSA)
 - Receive SSI, MSP, AIDS Health Insurance Program, or Medicaid Buy-In for Working People with Disabilities
- 2022 Income and Resource limits

| Family Size | Monthly Income Limit | Asset Limit |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------|
| 1 | \$934 | \$16,800 |
| 2 | \$1,367 | \$24,600 |

7

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

7

Marketplace Medicaid

- MAGI Medicaid established by ACA
- Income level of 138% FPL applies to most adults who are not disabled and who do not have Medicare
- No resource limit for MAGI!
- Apply online, by phone, or in person with assistance
 - https://nystateofhealth.ny.gov/
 - 1-855-355-5777 or TTY: 1-800-662-1220
 - Navigators, CAC, or Broker

| Family Size | Monthly Income Limit (2022 estimate) |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | \$1,563* |
| 2 | \$2,105* |

8

Other Marketplace options

- NYSOH: where individuals can shop for health coverage
 - Allows for comparison of available plan options based on price, services, benefits, quality
- Essential Plan
 - New York residents age 19-64 AND ineligible for other affordable insurance
 - \$0 premium and all plans include dental and vision
- Qualified Health Plans
 - Comprehensive private plans certified by NYSOH
 - Premium depends on plan, tax credits available

9

Empire Justice Center

Q

Empire Justice Center Eligibility Groups Non-MAGI Newer Adult Group: Childless adults, which include SSI recipients individuals that are: State Supplement only Not pregnant Age 19-64 (19 & 20 living alone) without Medicare Could be determined disabled but don't have Medicare yet SSI-related Medically Needy: Infants and Children under 19 Aged, Disabled, or Blind ADC-related Medically Needy: Parents/Caretaker Relatives (MAGI-like budgeting, Under 21 years old even w/ Medicare, through LDSS) Parent Caretaker Relatives Pregnant Women Medicare Savings Program Pregnant Women AIDS Health Insurance Program (AHIP) 19 & 20 Year Olds Living with Parents Medicaid Buy-In for Working People with Family Planning Benefit Program: if applying Disabilities through NYSoH & are eligible for FPBP only COBRA Child in Foster Care (Chaffee): MAGI administered in

Medicare Overview

- Part A inpatient/hospital
 - Includes skilled nursing, home health skilled, hospice
- Part B outpatient/medical coverage
 - Includes DME, home health services, emergency ambulance, preventive
 - · Lots of dual eligibles choose to turn down Part B
 - o BEWARE Late Enrollment Penalties!!!
 - o Will incur permanent LEPs if move out of state
- Part D prescription drug coverage
- Medicare Advantage Plans (formerly Part C)
 - · Medicare private health plans
- Medicare Savings Programs (MSPs)
 - Assists client with Parts A and/or B premiums
 - Income/asset limits
 - If client enrolls, will automatically be deemed into Extra Help (Part D costs)



11

Empire Justice Center

| Name of Program | Benefit (What Medicaid Pays) | Monthly Income Eligibility* | | Resource Limits | | Retroactive? |
|---|---|--------------------------------|----------|-----------------|----------|---|
| | | Individual | Couple | Individual | Couple | |
| Qualified Medicare Beneficiary (QMB) (100% FPL) | Medicare premiums, deductibles, coinsurance | \$1,133* | \$1,526* | None | None | NO – effective in following month application |
| Specified Low Income Medicare Beneficiary (SLMB) (120% FPL) | Medicare Part B premium | \$1,359* | \$1,831* | None | None | YES – 3 months month of applica |
| Qualified Individual (QI) (135% FPL) | Medicare Part B premium | \$1,529* | \$2,060* | None | None | YES – 3 months, same calendar y |
| Qualified Disabled + Working Individual (QWDI) (200% FPL) | Medicare Part A premium | \$2,265* | \$3,052* | \$4,000 | \$6,000 | YES – 3 months month of applica |
| Non-MAGI Medicaid (LDSS) | | \$904 | \$1320 | \$15,900 | \$23,400 | YES – 3 months or unpaid media |
| MAGI Medicaid (NYSoH) | | \$1,563* | \$2,105* | None | None | YES – 3 months o unpaid medical b |

AIDS Drug Assistance Program (ADAP)

- Empire Justice Center
- Federal grant administered through NY DOH
- Provide HIV-related prescription drugs to people who have limited or no prescription drug coverage
- Income limit 500% of FPL; no resource limit
 - \$67,950* for a single person, \$91,550* for a couple
- Must be NY resident no citizenship requirement
- HIV-infection or at risk of acquiring

13

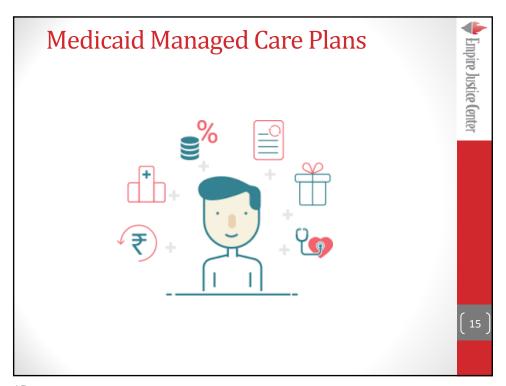
13

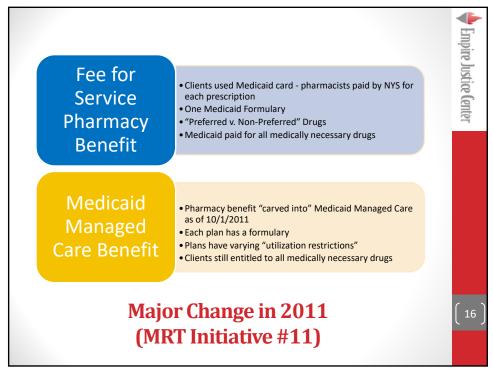
Coordinating Medicaid and ADAP



- Medicaid spenddown may be key to activating Medicaid coverage (non-MAGI only)
- Expenses paid by ADAP "count" toward Medicaid spenddown
 - Have pharmacist bill ADAP as primary payer. ADAP will mail proof of payment
 - Use ADAP expense to activate Medicaid spenddown coverage

14





Medicaid Managed Care

- Generally, choose a Managed Care Plan
 - DOH pays insurance companies per member per month to cover cost of care
 - The plan will pay for care, rather than "fee-for-service"
 - Must cover Medicaid benefits, at a minimum
- Medicaid can be retroactive for up to 3 months, as long as eligible in those 3 months
 - Pays for comprehensive, medically necessary services
 - o Medicine, supplies, durable medical equipment
 - o Doctors
 - o Hospital inpatient + outpatient
 - o Labs + X-rays, etc...
 - Federally, prescription drugs are an optional benefit, but NYS covers both medically necessary + OTC drugs
 - NY Medicaid has "mandatory" generic dispense program: prior authorization required for medication that is not generic

17

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

17

Care Coordination in MMC

- Managed Care plans must provide care coordination for enrollees with high needs such as
 - · Chronic illnesses, HIV, or physical/developmental disabilities
 - · long-term services and supports (LTSS)
- The plan must have adequate case management systems to identify the service needs, including enrollees with chronic illness and disabilities
 - Plan should be screening based on claims data provider
 - Appropriately train staff to function as case managers for special needs populations (or subcontract for case management)
 - Inform enrollees about services, including referral to Health Home
- Member Services is frequently the care coordination unit for the managed care plan
- Encourage self referral and/or speak to trusted provider

18

Types of Special Medicaid Managed Care Plans

- Special Programs in Medicaid Managed Care
 - Mainstream Managed Care
 - · Managed Long-Term Care Plans
 - Health Homes
 - · Health and Recovery Plans
 - HIV Special Needs Programs (HIV SNPs)

19

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

19

Managed Long-Term Care

- MLTC plans approved by NYSDOD MLTC plan directory
- Mandatory enrollment for dual eligibles (people who have Medicare + Medicaid) <u>AND</u> need home care for > 120 days
- Partial-capitation
- MLTC plan only covers: long-term care, non-emergency transportation, DME, nursing home care, podiatry, audiology, dental, optometry, home mods, respiratory therapy
 - Examples of services NOT included in partially-capitated MLTC: prescription drugs, hospice, assisted living, lab/radiology, hospital inpatient/outpatient, emergency room

20

Health Homes

- What are Health Homes?
 - Group of health care + service providers working together to make sure you get care/services you need
- HIV+ individuals automatically qualify for HH services
- Care management with:
 - Health providers;
 - · Behavioral health & SUD services;
 - · Connecting to necessary medications;
 - Housing;
 - · Applying/recertifying for social services;
 - Other support services as necessary
- Enrolled through their Managed Care plan in their county

21

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

21

HARP

- Health and Recovery Plans
 - For those with significant behavioral health needs or substance use disorder needs
 - Identified as eligible by use of behavioral health usage or by functional impairment
 - Must be Medicaid eligible
 - Those already in a Managed Care plan will be auto-assigned to the sister HARP plan if they are determined eligible and will receive a notice (<u>more info here</u>)
 - o Can opt-out if they choose
 - Individuals work w/ care manager to sort through which home & community-based services (HCBS) they will need
 - Coordinates physical + behavioral health care, as well as non-Medicaid support, & meds
 - Can also include behavioral health HCBS

22

HIV SNP

- Specialized Medicaid Managed Care plans designed to meet needs of those living with HIV/AIDS
 - Only available in NYC
 - For individuals living with HIV/AIDS or are homeless or are transgender dependent children can also enroll
 - Covers all Medicaid services; and
 - o An HIV specialist primary care physician (PCP)
 - o HIV care coordination services
 - o Information about HIV medications and side effects
 - o Treatment adherence services
 - o HIV prevention and risk reductions education for HIV negative members
 - Can choose during Medicaid enrollment to be enrolled in MMC or HIV SNP
 - Clients w/ Medicaid though the Marketplace enroll in SNPs there
 - Clients w/ Medicaid through HRA call Medicaid Choice to enroll in SNP
 - Model Contract

23

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

23

Navigating Access to Prescription Drugs



24

What if your client can't afford the co-pay?

Empire Justice Center

- Does not apply to dual eligibles
- Medicaid co-payment amounts:
 - \$3.00 for non-preferred brand-name drugs
 - \$1.00 for preferred brand-names or generics
 - \$0.50 for OTC, non-prescription drugs
- Cannot deny medications if patient cannot pay
- Certain beneficiaries cannot be charged copays
 - · Children under 21
 - HCBS/TBI waiver participants, and others:
 - https://www.health.ny.gov/health-care/medicaid/
 - \$200 annual maximum beginning April 1st, ending March 31st

25

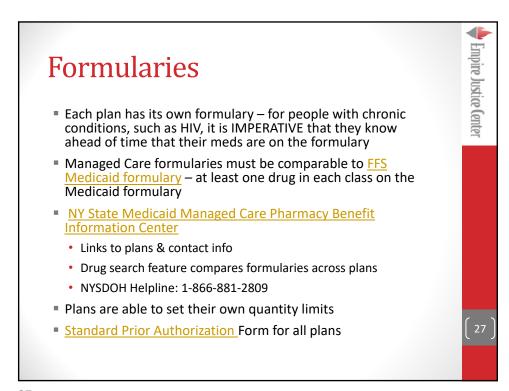
25

If your client has trouble filling a prescription...

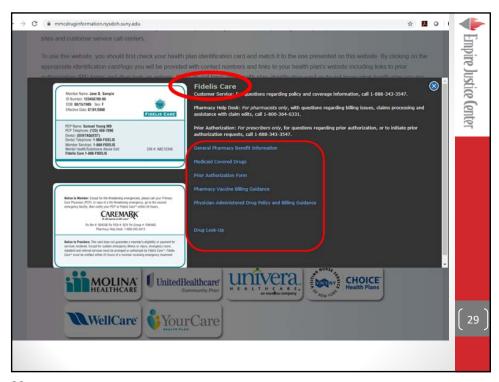


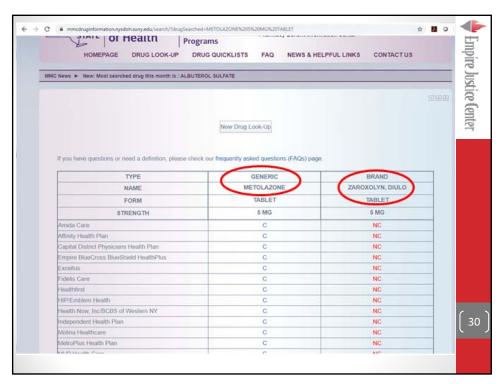
- You need to find out
 - whether your client is in MMC and if so, which plan
 - whether the drug is on the plan's formulary and if so, whether any restrictions apply
- Your client's provider (doctor and/or pharmacist) can be an excellent source of information
- Also, be sure to check the <u>NY State Medicaid Managed Care</u>
 <u>Pharmacy Benefit Information Center</u>
 - · Links to plans & contact info
 - Drug search feature compares formularies across plans
 - NYSDOH Helpline: 1-866-881-2809

26









Medication Assisted Treatment (MAT) Formulary

- Effective October 1, 2021, NYS Medicaid has enacted a single statewide MAT Formulary
- MMC plans and FFS will follow a single formulary for Opioid Antagonists and Opioid Dependence Agents
 - preferred products and coverage parameters are consistent across the Medicaid program
- List of Medication Assisted Treatment Agents
- MMC enrollees will continue to access medications by presenting their plan card to pharmacy
- Prior Approval is required for all non-preferred agents

31

31

Changing Plans

- Remember, dual eligibles get their drugs through Medicare Part D or Medicare Advantage
 - Duals can switch plan once per calendar quarter, effective 1st of next month, for the first 9 months of the year
- For everyone else (including <u>MMC</u>, <u>MLTC</u>, <u>HARP</u>)...
 - If necessary drugs are not covered by your client's current plan, but are covered by another, changing plans may be an option

32

32





...

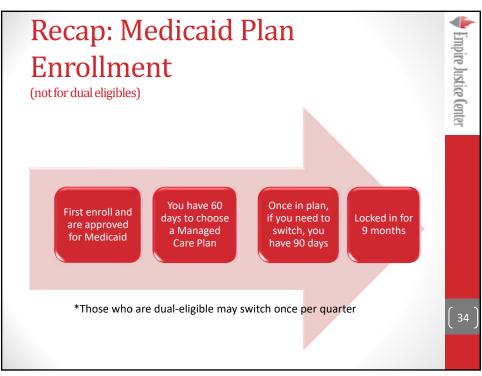
When can you change plans?

- Within first 90 days after initial enrollment
 - After 90 day, locked-in for following 9 months
- After 12-month enrollment in plan, can change plans for any reason
- Changing plans during lock-in period?
 - See 18 NYCRR 360-10.6
 - "Good cause" for changing or disenrolling failed to furnish accessible and appropriate medical care, services or supplies
- Remember to verify that your client's providers participate in new plan
- Note: if eligible for HIV SNP or HARP, individual may transfer at any time

33

Empire Justice Center

33





- Prescriber Prevails
 - The provider has the final say for the patient on whether certain medications are medically necessary for certain drug classes – even if not on formulary

| Atypical antipsychotics | Anti-depressants | Anti-retrovirals |
|-------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| Anti-rejection | Seizure | Epilepsy |
| Endocrine | Hemotologic | Immunologic therapeutics |

Can obtain mail order/specialty drugs at any retail network pharmacy, if the retail network pharmacy has agreed to a price that is comparable to the mail order/specialty price

35

Empire Justice Center

35

Coverage for Enteral Formula Benefit for those with HIV/AIDS



- AKA MRT Initiative 5901
- Oral fed adults with BMI between 18.5 and 21.9 who have demonstrated at least a 5% weight loss over previous 6 months
 - Oral fed adults with a BMI under 18.5 requiring more than 2-three month authorizations within a 365 day period.
 - Oral fed adult with a permanent structural limitation (tube feeding contraindicated)

36

Hepatitis C Treatments

- Effective October 2020, following a NYS Medicaid Drug Utilization Review Board recommended change, FFS Medicaid removed prior authorizations for first time direct acting antivirals (DAAs) treatment of hepatitis C infection and for re-treatment within one year for any reason. See Medicaid Update
- Prior authorizations are still required for patients needing retreatment after one year, when prescribing a nonpreferred drug, or when no evidence of FDA-approved or compendia-supported diagnosis in history
- MMC plans can use different clinical criteria, although a number use criteria similar to fee for service Medicaid

37

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

37

Potential Issues

- Your client's plan is not on the Medicaid Managed Care Pharmacy Benefit website
 - Is it a commercial plan?
 - Is your client Medicare eligible?
- The drug is not on the plan's formulary, or step therapy or quantity limits apply –
 - Your client will need prior authorization
 - All plans must use a <u>standard PA form</u>
 - PA should be processed within 48 hours
 - Another option is to change plans to one that covers the drug your client needs

38



Client John shows you a prescription from their doctor for the anti-retroviral drug *Odefsey*.

John tells you that their pharmacist says their insurance won't pay for it.

∭ UnitedHealthcare | □

er ID: 001000002

John lives in Monroe county and has this card:

■ What can you do?

 HINT: NY State Medicaid Managed Care Pharmacy Benefit Information Center 39

Empire Justice Center

39

Addressing Denials Access Denial 40



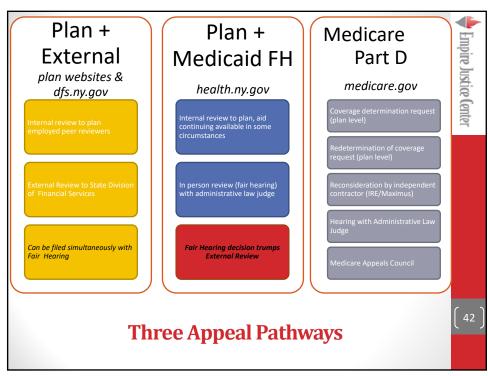
- Ask doctor to submit prior authorization
 - Anti-retrovirals are subject to "provider prevails"
- Change drug or change plan (if not locked in)
- Appeal the PA denial
 - Internal plan appeal
 - External review
 - · Fair hearing



(41

Empire Justice Center

41



Plan Appeals... the details

- All MMC plans required to have internal & external review process
- If a plan denies approval or discontinues a drug that had been approved, enrollee receives an Initial Adverse Determination (IAD)
- <u>EXHAUSTION</u>: Enrollee must first request internal plan appeal, wait for plan's decision
 - Adverse decision = Final Adverse Determination (FAD)
 - 30 calendar days standard, 72 hours expedited
- After FAD, enrollee has right to request a Fair Hearing
 - Unless <u>DEFMED exhaustion</u>: if no FAD provided in required time, can request FH without FAD
- Aid continuing: if drug was reduced or terminated, request continued access to drug while awaiting plan appeal & FH (within 10 days of FAD, or before effective date of FAD)

43

Empire Justice Center

Empire Justice Center

43

External Appeal

- Option after Internal Appeal
 - Plan notice denying your Internal Appeal will explain your right to request an <u>External Appeal</u> if the reason for the denial is because they determine the service is not medically necessary or is experimental or investigational
 - · May request an External Appeal even if also requesting FH
 - Reviewed by a different State agency (DFS) than FHs
 - FH decision always trumps External Appeal decision
- If in first 90 days of enrollment, or past first 12 months of enrollment, also have option of switching plans to improve access to medications

44

Changes ahead in 2023...

- "Carve-out"
- Beginning April 1, 2023, Medicaid pharmacy benefits will be transitioned from Managed Care to Fee for Service
- FFS Pharmacy carve-out applies to all Mainstream Managed Care plans, including HARP and HIV-SNP
- Does not apply to MLTC plans or the Essential Plan
- Will not change the scope of the existing Medicaid benefit
- DOH website for information and updates
 - https://www.health.ny.gov/health_care/medicaid/redesign /mrt2/pharmacy carve out/

45

During the COVID-19 PHE

- Federal PHE has been extended until April 16, 2022
- Everyone with Medicaid coverage on or after March 18, 2020 will keep coverage unless they voluntarily cancel or move out of NYS during the PHE
- Medicaid Coverage through Your Local Department of Social Services during the Coronavirus Emergency (Info about applying for and maintaining coverage)
- Those who turn 65, or become eligible for Medicare based on disability, would normally have their Medicaid transferred from NYSOH to the local district. Instead, they will have Medicaid automatically extended for 12 months.
 - These individuals will remain in MMC plan, even though they now have Medicare
- Don't hesitate to ask for assistance on notices, applications, questions









